

HUMAN VENN DIAGRAM

This activity emphasizes research, collaboration, and gets kids moving!

Directions for Human Venn Diagram

1. Divide the classroom into segments. One side of the classroom represents India, the opposite side represents Pakistan, and the center of the classroom represents both India and Pakistan.
2. Distribute the following facts to each student by cutting the facts into strips.
3. Allow ten minutes for students to research their fact determining if the fact pertains to India, Pakistan, or both. Students should utilize an atlas, almanac, or the Internet.
4. Fact check the information with a peer buddy.
5. After ten minutes, students then place themselves in the room corresponding to the country pertaining to the fact.
6. Students share fact aloud while the instructor seeks class agreement. Instructor may discuss and reinforce fact while pointing to a large map of the region.
7. Students return to seat and complete Venn diagram handout (provided as Resource 'A') for reinforcement of material and review. Save for notes.

Previously ruled by the British	Fast rising middle class
Islamabad is the capital	Divided into a West and East segment in 1947
Considered the world's largest democracy	Twice the size of California
Claims the region of Kashmir	Received independence in 1947
Islam is the predominant religion	New Delhi is the capital city
Possesses nuclear weapons	Muslims make-up approximately 13% of population
The name derives from Urdu word meaning <i>pure</i>	Contains K2, the second highest peak in the world
Uses the rupee as its currency	One of the fastest growing economies in the world
Borders Afghanistan	Neighbors include Nepal and Bhutan
The population has surpassed one billion	Commemorating 60 years of independence
In area, one-third the size of the U.S.	Borders the Bay of Bengal
Karachi is the largest city	Formed as a secular nation
Contains the Ganges River	President is General Pervez Musharraf
The Indus River flows through this country	Historically part of the Mogul Empire
Contains varied landscapes: mountains, deserts, coastal areas, plateaus and plains	Muhammad Ali Jinnah,-known as the Great Leader
Predominantly Hindu	Touches the Arabian Sea
Bordered by Iran to the West	Situated on the subcontinent